# Calculus II, SECtion K Quiz \# 1 <br> August 27th, 2008 

First Name : $\qquad$
Last Name : $\qquad$

1. Give the Taylor series for

$$
\frac{e^{x}+e^{-x}}{2}=
$$

2. If $p(x)=1-x+x^{2} / 2-x^{3} / 3!+x^{13} / 13!-56 x^{23} / 23$ ! give the value of

$$
p^{(23)}(0)=
$$

3. Give the Taylor expansion to order 2 for
$(1-x / 2)^{1 / 2}$
4. Give the Taylor polynomial up to order $n$ of

$$
\ln (1+x)=
$$

5. One will admit that the remainder $R_{n}$ of the previous expansion, in question 4 , has the sign of $(-1)^{n}$ and is bounded by

$$
\left|R_{n}\right| \leq \frac{x^{n+1}}{(n+1)}
$$

Use question 4 , with $n=2$, to compute the number $\ln 5-2 \ln 2$ with less than $1 \%$ of error. (Use $x=1 / 4$ and $1 / 32=.03125,1 / 192 \leq .0052$ )

